THE THIRTEEN COLONIES

England plants colonies in North America



- ** Named the land in North America he claimed for England Virginia
 - For Queen Elizabeth-the "virgin queen"
- Planted the first English Colony on Roanoke Island (off the coast of what is now North Carolina)

1585 Roanoke Colony

"The Lost Colony"

Joint Stock Company ** originally funded and maint

- originally funded and maintained English colonies
- ** Several investors who pooled their wealth in support of a colony
- ***** Business venture for profit

CHARTER

** an official permit to start a colony from the English monarch who was entitled to a portion of the profits

COLONY # 1

VIRGINIA

**FIRST LASTING SETTLEMENT

- Jamestown
- ***FOUNDED**
 - **◆**1607
- *LEADER
 - John Smith

Virginia Company

- Joint Stock Company that funded the settlement of Jamestown
- * Charter from King James I
 - Jamestown, James River, etc... named for the king



- ** Became a leader of the Jamestown colony its first winter at age 28
- * "If any would not work, neither should he eat."
- Developed a relationship with the Powhatan tribe
- * Left Jamestown 1607 : gunpowder accident

The Starving Time: 1609-10

- * 1609 600 new colonists
- * 1610- only 60 survive
- * Some accounts of cannibalism
- * "sharp prick of hunger which no man can truly describe but he who hath tasted the bitterness thereof." CAPTAIN GEORGE PERCY –governor of Jamestown

Pocohantas

- * daughter of Chief Powhatan
- * defends the life of John Smith
- marries John Rolfe

John Rolfe

Created a strain of tobacco that could become a cash crop for the Jamestown colonists

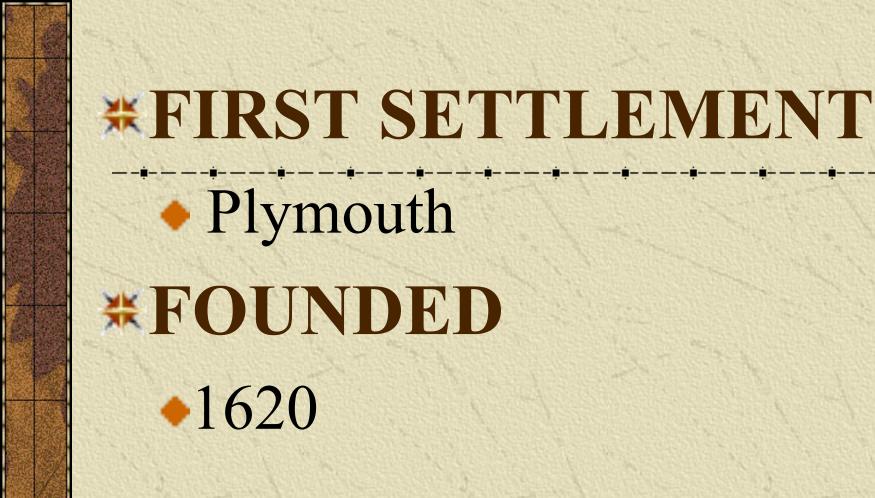
Tobacco Economy required a labor force

- * HEADRIGHT SYSTEM (1618)
- *** INDENTURED SERVANTS**
- *** SLAVERY (1619)**



- * An elected legislative body
- Burgess = a person invested with all the privileges of a citizen
- Male landowners over age 17 eligible to vote for representatives
- ** Any decision required the approval of the Virginia Company in London
- * First seed of American democracy

COLONY # 2 MASSACHUSETTS





- * 16th century movement for religious reform
- ** Led to the founding of churches that rejected the Pope's authority
- ** Henry VIII broke with the Catholic Church and formed the Church of England (Anglican Church)



- *A group in England who wanted to reform the Church of England
- **Wanted to eliminate all traces of Roman Catholicism

Separatists

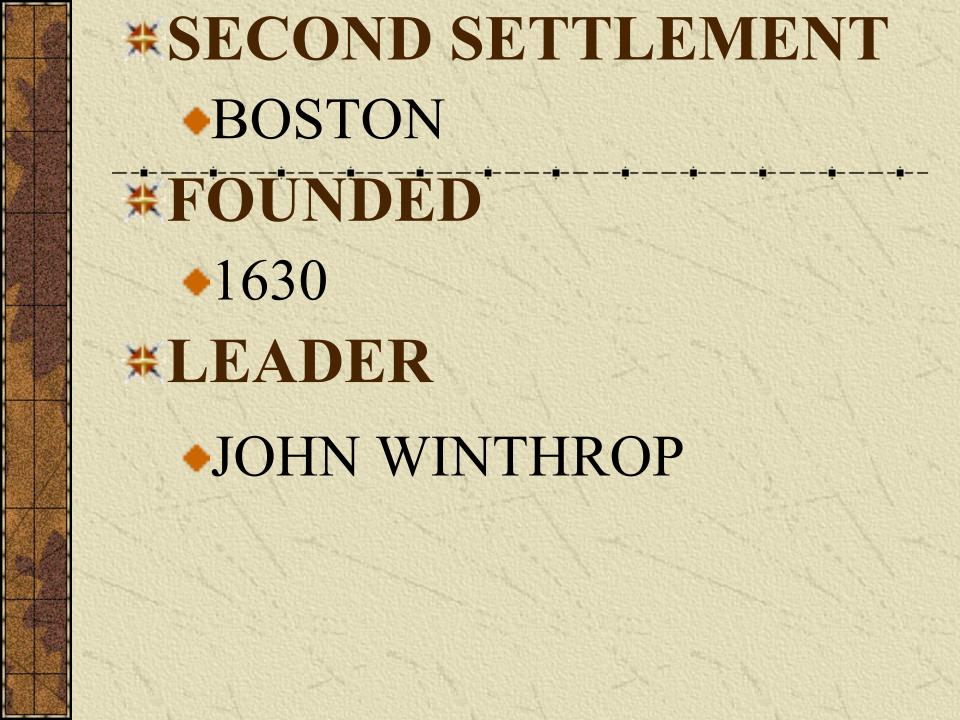
*Puritans who opposed those who wanted to reform the Church of England from within and wanted to form their own separate congregations



- ****Separatists who fled England to escape persecution**
 - Holland
 - North America



- ***** 1620
- ** Considered the first written constitution in North America
- * Radical idea
 - Government depends on the consent of the governed



Massachusetts Bay Company

- Joint Stock company that funded the establishment of the Massachusetts Bay Colony
 - ◆Boston capital city



- ***** 1629-1642
- ** Over 14,000 settlers, mainly Puritans, arrived brought over by the Massachusetts Bay Company fleeing religious persecution against Puritans under King Charles I
- Plymouth Colony incorporated into the Massachusetts Bay Colony

The "Elect"

- * Predestination
- Some humans predestined by God for eternal bliss = "the elect"
 - God would reveal his selection to the "elect"
 - Expected to lead sanctified lives

Colonial Government in the Massachusetts Bay Colony

General Court

** Lawmaking body which chose the colonial governor



- ** Only stockholders in MBC and "the elect" all adult male members of the Puritan Church could vote
- * No separation of church and state
- * Theocracy
 - Laws based on the Puritan religion
 - No tolerance for religious dissent

COLONY#3 NEW HAMPSHIRE 1623

NEW HAMPSHIRE

- *** FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - Exeter
- ***** FOUNDED
 - ◆1623
- * LEADER
 - John Wheelwright

COLONY # 4 CONNECTICUT 1636

CONNECTICUT

- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - Hartford
- ***** FOUNDED
 - **◆**1636
- *** LEADER**
 - Thomas Hooker



- ***** 1639
- *A constitution governing colonial Connecticut
- * Establishing a democratic state controlled by "substantial" citizens

COLONY # 5 MARYLAND 1632



- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - St. Mary's
- *** FOUNDED**
 - **◆**1632
- * LEADER
 - George Calvert –the first Lord Baltimore

Lord Baltimore

- * Catholic Englishman
- * Founded the Maryland colony on the idea of religious freedom where Protestants and Catholics could live together in peace



- Landmark act passed by the Maryland assembly
- Guaranteed freedom of religion (but only for Christians)
 - Radical idea at this time
- * The penalty for anyone who did not believe in Christ was to be hanged
 - No toleration for Jews, atheists, muslims, etc...

COLONY # 6 RHODE ISLAND 1636

RHODE ISLAND

- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - Providence
- ***** FOUNDED
 - ◆1636
- * LEADER
 - Roger Williams



- * Puritan who was tolerant of other religions
 - Did not believe in killing or punishing people in the name of Christianity
- * Did not believe in a tax supported church
 - Supported separation of church and state
- * Indian land should be paid for
- * Banished from MBC for his beliefs



Roger Williams

- * Started a colony called Providence which would become RI
- Bought land from the Native Americans to start the colony
 - Narranganset Indians helped him when he was banished
- * Based on "freedom of conscience"
 - Attracted Quakers, Catholics, Jews



"We may praise him ... for his defense of religious liberty and the separation of church and state . He deserves the tribute ... but it falls short of the man. His greatness was simpler. He dared to think."

- Edmund Morgan who wrote a book about Roger Williams

Ann Hutchinson

- * Religious dissenter (like Roger Williams)
- * Put on trial for her beliefs
- * Banished from the MBC
- # Fled to RI and later to NY

Chronological Order

- * Protestant Reformation
- * Founding of the Plymouth Colony
- * The Great Puritan Migration
- * Founding of Rhode Island

COLONY # 7 DELEWARE 1638

DELEWARE # FIRST SETTLEMENT Wilmington ***** FOUNDED **◆**1638 *** LEADER**

- A Dotor Minui
 - Peter Minuit

COLONY # 8 NORTH CAROLINA 1663

NORTH CAROLINA

- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - Albemarie County
- *** FOUNDED**
 - ◆ 1663
- * LEADER
 - Group of eight proprietors

COLONY # 9 SOUTH CAROLINA 1663



- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - Charles Town (later Charleston)
- *** FOUNDED**
 - ◆ 1663
- *** LEADER**
 - Group of eight proprietors

COLONY # 10

NEW YORK 1664

NEW YORK

- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - New York
- ***** FOUNDED
 - **◆**1664
- ***** LEADER
 - Peter Minuit

Henry Hudson What is a second second

- ** Dutch explorer searching for the Northwest Passage
- * Land in North America he claimed for Holland called New Netherlands

Dutch West India Company The business that owned most of Ho

- * The business that owned most of Holland's colonies
 - Fur trading
 - More interested in its colonies in India

Peter Stuyvesant ** Dutch governor of New Netherlands

1664 –British take New Netherlands

- * from Holland without firing a shot
- Given to the Duke of York by the King of England (his brother)
- * renamed it New York

Proprietor

** Owners of colonies who expected the people who lived on their land to pay them a tax called a "quit rent".

COLONY # 11

NEW JERSEY 1664

NEW JERSEY

- *** FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - ◆ East Jersey Carteret
 - ◆West Jersey Salem
- *** FOUNDED**
 - ◆ 1664
- *** LEADER**
 - Lord Berkeley
 - Sir Carteret

COLONY # 12 PENNSYLVANIA

1681

PENNSYLVANIA

- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - Philadelphia
- ***** FOUNDED
 - ◆1681
- * LEADER
 - William Penn



- ** English real estate entrepreneur, philosopher, early Quaker and founder of the Province of Pennsylvania
- early advocate of democracy and religious freedom

Quakers

* The Society of Friends, or Quakers, began at the tail end of Europe's Protestant Reformation in the 17th century. The missionary efforts of the earliest Friends took them to North America, where they became heavily involved in Pennsylvania politics before reversing their views on government participation in the mid-1750s. The Society became the first organization in history to ban slaveholding, and in the 1800s Quakers populated the abolitionist movement in numbers far exceeding their proportion of all Americans.

COLONY # 13

GEORGIA 1732

GEORGIA

- **# FIRST SETTLEMENT**
 - Savannah
- ***** FOUNDED
 - **◆**1732
- ***** LEADER
 - James Oglethorpe



- Wanted to create a colony where debtors could go instead of going to jail
 - Debtors ended up being only a small percentage of the actual settlers
- * The buffer colony
 - from Spanish colonies south (Florida)
 - From French claims west (Louisiana)